INSTRUCTION MANUAL EN

GEBRAUCHSANWEISUNG DE

MANUEL D'UTILISATION FR



EN

Dear Customer.

Thank you for choosing this **SMEG** product.

We ask you to read the instructions in this booklet very carefully as this will allow you to get the best results from using it.

KEEP THE DOCUMENTATION OF THIS PRODUCT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

Always keep the instruction manual handy. If you lend the appliance to someone else give them the manual as well!

The user manual is also available for download at <a href="https://www.smeg.com">www.smeg.com</a>

DE

Sehr geehrter Kunde,

Danke dass Sie sich für dieses SMEG Gerät entschieden haben.

Wir bitten Sie, die in diesem Heft enthaltenen Anweisungen aufmerksam durchzulesen, die helfen Ihnen, bei der Nutzung Ihres Gerätes die besten Ergebnisse zu erzielen.

BEWAHREN SIE DIE DOKUMENTATION DIESES GERÄTES AUF, UM KÜNFTIG IN IHR NACHSCHLAGEN ZU KÖNNEN.

Halten Sie die Gebrauchsanleitung immer griffbereit. Falls Sie das Gerät Dritten überlassen, stellen Sie ihnen auch die entsprechende Betriebsanleitung zur Verfügung!

Die Gebrauchsanweisung ist auch auf unserer Homepage verfügbar www smeg com

FR

Cher client,

Merci d'avoir choisi ce produit SMEG.

Veuillez lire très attentivement les instructions de cette notice, afin d'obtenir les meilleurs résultats de son utilisation.

CONSERVEZ CETTE NOTICE POUR TOUTE RÉFÉRENCE ULTÉRIEURE.

Gardez toujours le manuel d'utilisation à portée de main. Si vous prêtez cet appareil à quelqu'un, n'oubliez pas de donner aussi le manuel!

Vous pouvez aussi télécharger le manuel d'utilisation sur www smeg com

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# A

#### **Instructions**

### 1.1. Safety Information

Before the installation and use of the appliance, carefully read the supplied instructions. The manufacturer is not responsible if an incorrect installation and use causes injuries and damages. Always keep the instructions with the appliance for future reference.

# CHILDREN AND VULNERABLE PEOPLE SAFETY Warning! Risk of suffocation, injury or permanent disability.

- This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they are supervised by an adult or a person who is responsible for their safety.
- Do not let children play with the appliance.
- Keep all packaging away from children.
- WARNING: Keep children away from the appliance when it operates or when it cools down. Accessible parts are hot.
- If the appliance has a child safety device, we recommend that you activate it. Children under 3 years must not be left unsupervised in the vicinity of the appliance.
- Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

## **GENERAL SAFETY**

- This appliance is intended to be used in household and similar applications such as:
  - staff kitchen areas in shops, offices and other working environments;
  - farm houses;
  - by clients in hotels, motels and other residential environments;
  - bed and breakfast type environments.
- Internally the appliance becomes hot when in operation. Do not touch the heating elements that are in the appliance. Always use oven gloves to remove or put in accessories or ovenware.
- WARNING: Do not heat liquids and other foods in sealed containers. They are liable to explode.

### Instructions



- Only use utensils that are suitable for use in microwave ovens.
- When heating food in plastic or paper containers, keep an eye on the appliance due to the possibility of ignition.
- The appliance is intended for heating food and beverages. Drying of food or clothing and heating of warming pads, slippers, sponges, damp cloth and similar may lead to risk of injury, ignition or fire.
- Warning! The oven cannot be used if:
  - The door is not closed correctly;
  - The door hinges are damaged;
  - The surfaces of the contact between the door and the oven front are damaged;
  - The door window glass is damaged;
  - There is frequent electrical arcing inside the oven even though there is no metal object inside.
- The oven can only be used again after it has been repaired by a Technical Assistance Service technician.
- If smoke is emitted, switch off or unplug the appliance and keep the door closed in order to stifle any flames.
- Microwave heating of beverages can result in delayed eruptive boiling. Care must be taken when handling the container.
- The contents of feeding bottles and baby food jars shall be stirred or shaken and the temperature checked before consumption, in order to avoid burns.
- Eggs in their shell and whole hard-boiled eggs should not be heated in the appliance since they may explode, even after microwave heating has ended.
- Warning! Do not heat pure alcohol or alcoholic drinks in the microwave. FIRE RISK!
- **Beware!** To avoid food overheating or burning it is very important not to select long time periods or power levels that are too high when heating small quantities of food. For example, a bread roll can burn after 3 minutes if the power selected is too high.

# A

### Instructions

- For toasting, use just the grilling function and watch the oven all the time. It you use a combined function to toast bread it will catch fire in a very short time.
- Make sure you never catch the power cables of other electrical appliances in the hot door or the oven. The cable insulation may melt. Danger of short-circuiting!



## • Take care when heating liquids!

When liquids (water, coffee, tea, milk, etc.) are nearly at boiling point inside the oven and are taken out suddenly, they may spurt out of their containers.

### **DANGER OF INJURIES AND BURNS!**

To avoid that type of situation when heating liquids, put a teaspoon or glass rod inside the container.

### **INSTALLATION**

- The electrical installation is to be set up so that the appliance can be isolated from the mains with a minimum 3mm all-pole contact separation. Suitable separation devices include e.g. cutouts, RCD's and contactors. This installation must comply with current regulations.
- If the electrical connection is done through a plug and this remains accessible after installation, then it is not necessary to provide the mentioned separation device.
- Protection against electric shock must be provided by the electrical installation
- Warning: The oven must be earthed.

## **CLEANING**

- The appliance should be cleaned regularly and any food deposits removed.
- Do not use a steam cleaner to clean the appliance.

## Instructions



- Failure to maintain the appliance in a clean condition could lead to deterioration of the surface that could adversely affect the life of the appliance and possibly result in a hazardous situation.
- Do not use harsh abrasive cleaners or sharp metal scrapers to clean the glass door since they can scratch the surface, which may result in shattering of the glass.
- The door contact surfaces (the front of the cavity and the inside part of the doors) must be kept very clean in order to ensure the oven functions correctly.
- Please follow the instructions regarding cleaning in the section "Oven Cleaning and Maintenance".

#### **REPAIRS**

- WARNING: Before maintenance cut the power supply.
- WARNING: Only a competent person can carry out any service or repair operation that involves the removal of a cover which
- gives protection against exposure to microwave energy.
- WARNING: If the door or door seals are damaged, the appliance must not be operated until it has been repaired by a competent person.
- If the power cable is damaged it should be substituted by the manufacturer, authorized agents or technicians qualified for this task in order to avoid dangerous situations. Furthermore, special tools are required for this task.
- Repair and maintenance work, especially of current carrying parts, can only be carried out by technicians authorized by the manufacturer.

# Avoid damaging the oven or other dangerous situations by following these instructions:

 Never switch on the microwave when it is empty. If there is no food inside there may be an electrical overcharge and the oven could be damaged. RISK OF DAMAGE!

# A

#### Instructions

- For carrying out oven programming tests put a glass of water inside the oven. The water will absorb the microwaves and the oven will not be damaged.
- Do not cover or obstruct the ventilation openings.
- Use only dishes suitable for microwaves. Before using dishes and containers in the microwave, check that these are suitable (see the section on types of dishes).
- Never remove the mica cover on the ceiling of the oven interior!
   This cover stops fat and pieces of food damaging the microwave generator.
- Do not keep any inflammable object inside the oven as it may burn if the oven is switched on.
- Do not use the oven as a pantry.
- Do not use the oven for frying as it is impossible to control the temperature of oil heated by microwaves.
- The ceramic base and the grills can bear a maximum load of 8 kg.
   To avoid damaging the oven, do not exceed this load.

#### Instructions



#### 1.2. Disposal

### Eliminating the packaging \( \big| \)



The packaging carries the Green Dot. Use the right bins when discarding all of the packaging materials, such as the cardboard, styrene and plastic films. This will ensure that the packaging materials are recycled.

#### Disposal of old electrical appliances



The European Directive 2012/19/EU on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE), requires that old household electrical appliances must not be disposed of in the normal unsorted municipal waste stream. Old appliances must be collected separately in order to optimise the recovery and recycling of the materials they contain and reduce the impact on human health and the environment.

The crossed out "wheeled bin" symbol on the product reminds you of your obligation, that when you dispose of the appliance it must be separately collected.

Consumers should contact their local authority or retailer for information concerning the correct disposal of their old appliance.

Before you dispose of your appliance, remove the power cable, cut it and dispose of it.

#### 1.3. This user manual

This user manual is an integral part of the appliance and must therefore be kept in its entirely and whithin the user's reach for the whole working life of the appliance.

 Read this user manual carefully before using the appliance.

#### 1.4. How to read the user manual

This user manual uses the following reading conventions:



#### Instructions

General Information on this user manual, on safety and final disposal.



#### **Description**

Discription of the appliance and its accessories.



#### Use

Information on the use of the appliance and its accessories, cooking advice.



#### **Cleaning and Maintenance**

Information for proper cleaning and maintenance of the appliance.



#### Installation

Information for the qualified thecnician: Installation, operation and inspection.



Safety Instructions



Information

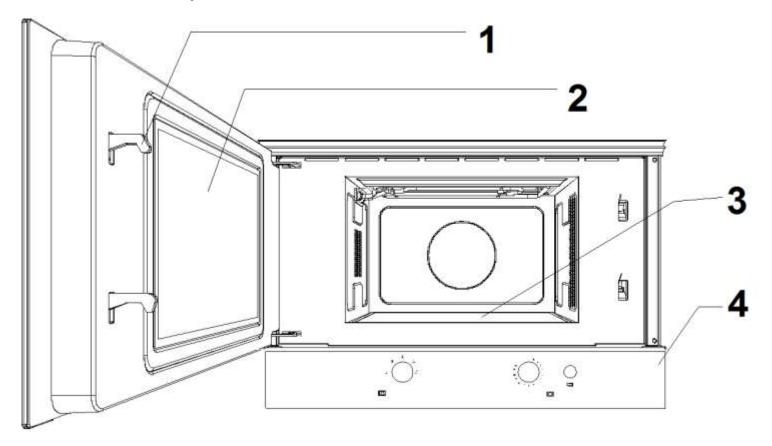


Advice



## **Description**

## 2.1. General Description

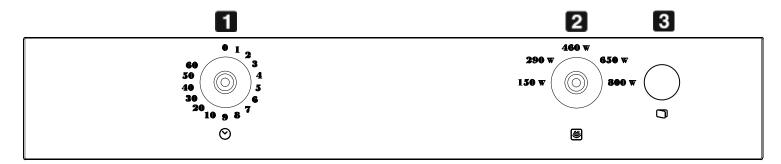


- 1. Catches
- 2. Door window glass
- 3. Ceramic base
- 4. Control panel

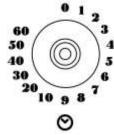
## **Description**



#### 2.2. Control Panel



1 Time Selector knob



This knob allows you to:

Select the cooking duration

For instructions on how to use it correctly, see the next chapters.

2 Power Selector knob

290 w
650 w
150 w
800 w

8

This knob allows:

Select the cooking power

3 Door Open key

## 2.3. Power Level Discription

Power	Foods			
150W	Slow defrosting for delicate foods, keeping food hot			
290W	Cooking at low heat, boiling rice			
29000	Fast defrosting			
460W	Melting butter			
40000	Heating baby food			
	Cooking vegetables and other foods			
650W	Cooking and heating carefully,			
65077	Heating and cooking small quantities			
	Heating delicate foods			
800W	Cooking and heating liquids and other foods fast			



#### 3.1. Advantages of the microwave oven

In a conventional cooker, the heat that is radiated through the resistances or gas burners slowly penetrates the foods from the outside in. Therefore, there is a great loss of energy in heating the air, the oven components and the containers holding the food.

In the microwave, the heat is generated by the foods themselves, i.e. the heat goes from the inside out. There is no loss of heat to the air, the walls of the cavity or the containers (as long as they are microwave-safe containers). This means that only the food is heated.

To sum up, microwave ovens have the following advantages:

- 1. Savings in cooking time; in general, there is a ¾ reduction in time compared to conventional cooking.
- 2. Ultra fast defrosting of foods, thus reducing the danger of bacteria developing.
- 3. Energy-saving.
- 4. Conservation of the nutritional value of foods due to the reduction in cooking time.
- 5. Easy cleaning.

### Microwave oven operating mode

The microwave oven contains a high voltage valve called a Magnetron, which converts the electrical energy into microwave energy. These electromagnetic waves are channelled towards the inside of the oven by a wave guide and distributed using a metallic disperser or a rotating plate.

Inside the oven, the microwaves are propagated in all directions and reflected by the metallic walls, thus uniformly penetrating the foods.

### Why the food is heated

Most foods contain water and the water molecules vibrate with the microwaves.

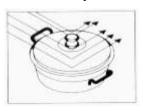
The friction between the molecules generates heat, which raises the temperature of the foods, defrosting or cooking them or keeping them hot.

Because heat is formed inside the foods:

- The foods may be cooked without any liquids or oils, or with very little of these;
- Defrosting, heating or cooking in the microwave oven is faster than in a conventional oven;
- The vitamins, minerals and nutritious substances are conserved:
- Neither the natural colour nor the aroma are altered.

The microwaves go through porcelain, glass, cardboard or plastic, but not trough metal. For this reason, metallic containers or containers with metallic parts should not be used in the microwave oven.

Microwaves are reflected by metal...



... they go through glass and porcelain...



... and are absorbed by the foods.





#### 3.2. Instructions



## High temperature inside the oven during use

#### Danger of fire or explosion

- Do not spray any products near the oven.
- Do not use or leave flammable materials near the oven.
- Do not use plastic kitchenware to cook food (except with the microwave function).
- Do not put sealed tins or containers in the oven.
- Do not leave the oven unattended during cooking operations where fats or oils could be released.
- Remove all trays and racks which are not required during cooking

## 3.3. What kind of ovenware can be used?

#### Microwave function

For the microwave function, keep in mind that microwaves are reflected by metal surfaces. Glass, china, clay, plastic, and paper let microwaves pass.

For this reason, metal pans and dishes or containers with metal parts or decorations cannot be used in the microwave. Glass ware and clay with metallic decoration or content (e.g. lead crystal) cannot be used in microwave ovens.

The **ideal** materials for use in microwave ovens are glass, refractory china or clay, or heat resistant plastic. Very thin, fragile glass or china should only be used for short period of times (e.g. heating).

Hot food transmits heat to the dishes which can become very hot. You should, therefore, always use an **oven glove!** 

#### Test the dishes

Put the item you want to use in the oven for 20 seconds at maximum microwave power. After that time, if it is cold and just slightly warm, it is suitable to use. However, if it heats up a lot or causes electric arcing it is not suitable for microwave use.

#### Aluminium containers and foils

Precooked foods in aluminium containers or wrapped in aluminium foil may be placed in the microwave oven if the following instructions are followed:

- Pay attention to the manufacturer's instructions that are printed on the packaging,
- Aluminium containers should not be higher than 3 cm and they should not come into contact with the walls of the cavity (minimum distance 3 cm). The aluminium lid should be removed.
- Place the aluminium container directly on the ceramic base. If the grille is used, the container should be placed on a porcelain plate. Never put the container directly on the grille!
- The cooking time will be longer because the microwaves only enter the food from above.
   In case of doubt, only use microwave-safe dishes.
- Aluminium foil may be used to reflect the microwaves during the defrosting process.
   Delicate foods, such as poultry or minced meat, may be protected from excessive heat by covering the respective ends.
- **Important:** the aluminium foil must not come into contact with the walls of the cavity, as this could cause an electrical arch.

#### Lids

We recommend you use glass or plastic lids or cling film since: **ONLY FOR THE MICROWAVE FUNCTION.** 

- 1. They prevent excessive evaporation (especially in very long cooking periods);
- 2. The cooking process is faster;
- The food does not go dry;
- 4. The aroma is preserved.

The lid should have holes or openings so that no pressure develops. Plastic bags must also be opened. Baby feeding bottles or jars with baby food and similar containers can only be heated without their tops / lids otherwise they can burst.

# <u>'-3</u>

## Use

The following table gives general guidelines on the type of dishes that are suitable for each situation.

#### Table - dishware

Operating mode	Microwave		
Type of dish	Defrost / heat	Cook	
Glass and porcelain 1)	yes	yes	
Domestic, non fire-resistant, may be washed in dishwasher			
Glazed ceramic	yes	yes	
Fire-resistant glass and porcelain			
Ceramic, earthenware dishes	yes	yes	
unglazed			
glazed without metallic decorations			
Earthenware dishes			
glazed	yes	yes	
unglazed	no	no	
Plastic dishes 2)			
heat-resistant up to 100°C	yes	no	
heat-resistant up to 250°C	yes	yes	
Plastic films 3)			
Cling film	no	no	
Cellophane	yes	yes	
Paper, cardboard, parchment 4)	yes	no	
Metal			
Aluminium foil	yes	no	
Aluminium containers 5)	no	yes	
Accessories	no	no	

- 1. No golden or silver edges and no lead glass.
- 2. Remember the manufacturer's tips!
- Do not use metal clips to close the bags. Perforate the bags. Use films only to cover foods.
- 4. Do not use paper plates.
- 5. Only shallow aluminium containers without lids. The aluminium must not come into contact with the walls of the cavity.



#### 3.4. First use

- 1. Remove any protective film from the outside or inside of the appliance, including accessories.
- Remove any labels (apart from the rating plate) from the accessories and from the oven cavity.
- 3. Remove and wash all the appliance accessories (see 4 Cleaning and Maintenance).

## 3.5. Using the oven

#### Opening the door

To open the door the Door Open Key.

#### 3.6. Cooking Functions

#### **Microwave**

Given that they penetrate directly into the food, microwaves allow cooking to take place in a very short period of time and with a considerable saving of energy. They are suitable for cooking without fat and also for defrosting and re-heating food while maintaining its original appearance and fragrance.

- Set the Power Selector knob to the position that corresponds to the desired power level (see table "Description").
- 2. Turn the Timer knob to the desired operating time. For times under 2 minutes, turn the Timer knob to a higher time and then go down to the desired time.
- 3. Close the door. The oven will start to operate.



If the door is opened then cooking will stop.

## '<del>-</del>3

#### Use

#### 3.7. When the oven is working...

#### Interrupting a cooking cycle

You can stop the cooking process at any time by pressing the Door Open button.

In this case:

- Microwave emission is stopped immediately.
- The timer stops automatically, indicating the operating time that is left.

If you wish, at this time you can:

- Turn or stir the food to ensure it will be evenly cooked.
- Alter the cooking parameters.
- Cancel the process as described below.

To restart the process, close the door.

#### **Modifying parameters**

The operating parameters (time and temperature) can only be altered when the cooking process has been interrupted by proceeding as follows:

- To alter the time, turn the Timer knob. The new time defined is immediately valid.
- To alter the power, turn the Power Selector to a new position. The new power level will be applied within 30 seconds.

#### Cancelling a cooking cycle

If you wish to cancel the cooking process, turn the Timer Button to ZERO.



#### Warning!

 When you finish using the oven, always turn the Timer Button to zero, because otherwise the oven will start to function when you close the door and may be damaged if it functions when empty.

#### End of a cooking cycle

At the end of the process you will hear a bell and the Timer Button points at ZERO.



#### Warning!

 When you finish using the oven, always turn the Timer Button to zero, because otherwise the oven will start to function when you close the door and may be damaged if it functions when empty.



#### 3.8. Recommended cooking tables

#### **Cooking with Microwaves**



#### Warning!

 Read the section "Safety Information" before cooking with your microwave

Follow these recommendations when cooking with microwaves:

- Before heating or cooking foods with peel or skin (e.g. apples, tomatoes, potatoes, sausages) prick them so that they do not burst. Cut the food up before starting to prepare it.
- Before using a container or dish make sure that it is suitable for microwave use (see the section on types of ovenware).
- When cooking food with very little moisture (e.g. defrosting bread, making popcorn, etc.) evaporation is very quick. The oven then works as if it was empty and the food may burn. The oven and the container may be damaged in such a situation. You should therefore set just the cooking time necessary and you must keep a close eye on the cooking process.
- It is not possible to heat large quantities of oil (frying) in the microwave.
- Remove pre-cooked food from the containers they come in since these are not always heat resistant. Follow the food manufacturer's instructions.
- If you have several containers, such as cups, for example, set them out uniformly on the ceramic base.
- Do not close plastic bags with metal clips. Use plastic clips instead. Prick the bags several times so that the steam can escape easily.
- When heating or cooking foods, check that they reach at least a temperature of 70°C.
- During cooking, steam may form on the oven door window and may start to drip. This situation is normal and may be more noticeable

- if the room temperature is low. The oven's safe working is not affected by this. After you have finished cooking, clean up the water coming from the condensation
- When heating liquids, use containers with a wide opening, so that the steam can evaporate easily.

Prepare the foods as per the instructions and keep in mind the cooking times and power levels indicated in the tables.

Keep in mind that the figures given are only indicative and can vary depending on the initial state, temperature, moisture and type of food. It is advisable to adjust the times and power levels to each situation. Depending on the exact characteristics of the food you may need to increase or shorten the cooking times or increase or decrease the power levels.

#### Cooking with microwaves...

- 1. The greater the amount of food, the longer the cooking time. Keep in mind that:
  - Double the quantity » double the time
  - Half the quantity » half the time
- 2. The lower the temperature, the longer the cooking time.
- 3. Foods containing a lot of liquid heat up more quickly.
- 4. Cooking will be more uniform if the food is evenly distributed on the ceramic base. If you put dense foods on the outside part of the plate and less dense ones on the centre of the plate, you can heat up different types of food simultaneously.
- 5. You can open the oven door at any time. When you do this the oven switches off automatically. The microwave will only start working again when you close the door and press the start key.
- 6. Foods that are covered require less cooking time and retain their characteristics better. The lids used must let microwaves pass through and have small holes that allow steam to escape.



#### **Cooking vegetables**

Food	Quantity (gr)	liquids Addition	Power (W)	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
Cauliflower	500	100 ml	850	9-11	2-3	Cut into slices.
Broccoli	300	50 ml	850	6-8	2-3	
Mushrooms	250	25 ml	850	6-8	2-3	Keep covered.
Peas, carrots	300	100 ml	850	7-9	2-3	Cut into chunks or slices. Keep
Frozen carroTS	250	25 ml	850	8-10	2-3	covered.
Potatoes	250	25 ml	850	5-7	2-3	Peel and cut into equal sized pieces. Keep covered.
Paprika	250	25 ml	850	5-7	2-3	Cut into chunks or
Leek	250	50 ml	850	5-7	2-3	slices Keep covered.
Frozen Brussel sprouts	300	50 ml	850	6-8	2-3	Keep covered.

#### **Cooking fish**

Food	Quantity (g)	Power (W)	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
Fish fillets	500	600	10-12	3	Cook covered over. Turn after half of cooking time.
Whole fish	800	850 360	2-3 7-9	2-3	Cook covered over. Turn after half of cooking time. You may wish to cover up the small edges of the fish.

#### **Defrosting with Microwaves**

General instructions for defrosting:

- 1. When defrosting, use only dishes that are appropriate for microwaves (china, glass, suitable plastic).
- 2. The defrost function by weight and the tables refer to the defrosting of raw food.
- 3. The defrosting time depends on the quantity and thickness of the food. When freezing food keep the defrosting process in mind. Distribute the food evenly in the container.
- 4. Distribute the food as best as possible inside the oven. The thickest parts of fish or chicken drumsticks should be turned towards the outside. You can protect the most delicate parts of food with pieces of aluminium foil. Important: The aluminium foil must not come into contact with the oven cavity interior as this can cause electrical arcing.
- 5. Thick portions of food should be turned several times.
- 6. Distribute the frozen food as evenly as possible since narrow and thin portions defrost more quickly than the thicker and broader parts.



- 7. Fat-rich foods such as butter, cream cheese and cream should not be completely defrosted. If they are kept at room temperature they will be ready to be served in a few minutes. With ultra-frozen cream, if you find small pieces of ice in it, you should mix these in before serving.
- 8. Place poultry on an upturned plate so that the meat juices can run off more easily.
- 9. Bread should be wrapped in a napkin so that it does not become too dry.
- 10 Turn the food at regular intervals.
- 11. Remove frozen food from its wrapping and do not forget to take off any metal twist-tags. For containers that are used to keep frozen food in the freezer and which can also be used for heating and

- cooking, all you need to do is take off the lid. For all other cases you should put the food into containers that are suitable for microwave use.
- 12. The liquid resulting from defrosting, principally that from poultry, should be discarded. In no event should such liquids be allowed to come into contact with other foods.
- 13. Do not forget that by using the defrosting function you need to allow for standing time until the food is completely defrosted.

The table below shows different defrosting and standing times (in order to ensure the food temperature is evenly distributed) for different types and weights of food, plus recommendations.

Food	Weight	Defrosting Time	Resting time	Comment
Pieces of meat, veal, beef, pork	100 g	3-4 min	5-10 min	Turn once
	200 g	6-7 min	5-10 min	Turn once
	500 g	14-15 min	10-15 min	Turn twice
	700 g	20-21 min	20-25 min	Turn twice
	1000 g	29-30 min	25-30 min	Turn twice
	1500 g	42-45 min	30-35 min	Turn three times
Stewed meat	500 g	12-14 min	10-15 min	Turn twice
	1000 g	24-25 min	25-30 min	Turn three times
Minced meat	100 g	4-5 min	5-6 min	Turn twice
	300 g	8-9 min	8-10 min	Turn three times
	500 g	12-14 min	15-20 min	Turn once
Sausage	125 g	3-4 min	5-10 min	Turn twice
	250 g	8-9 min	5-10 min	Turn once
	500 g	15-16 min	10-15 min	Turn twice
Poultry, poultry parts	200 g	7-8 min	5-10 min	Turn three times
	500 g	17-18 min	10-15 min	Turn once
Chicken	1000 g	34-35 min	15-20 min	Turn once
	1200 g	39-40 min	15-20 min	Turn once
	1500 g	48-50 min	15-20 min	Turn twice
Fish	100 g	3-4 min	5-10 min	Turn once
	200 g	6-7 min	5-10 min	Turn once



Food	Weight	Defrosting Time	Resting time	Comment
Trout	200 g	6-7 min	5-10 min	Turn twice
Shrimps	100 g	3-4 min	5-10 min	Turn once
	500 g	12-15 min	10-15 min	Turn once
Fruit	200 g	4-5 min	5-8 min	Turn twice
	300 g	8-9 min	10-15 min	Turn once
	500 g	12-14 min	15-20 min	Turn once
Bread	100 g	2-3 min	2-3 min	Turn twice
	200 g	4-5 min	5-6 min	Turn twice
	500 g	10-12 min	8-10 min	Turn twice
	800 g	15-18 min	15-20 min	Turn three times
Butter	250 g	8-10 min	10-15 min	Turn once, keep covered
Cottage cheese	250 g	6-8 min	5-10 min	Turn once, keep covered
Cream	250 g	7-8 min	10-15 min	Remove the lid

## **Cleaning and Maintenance**



#### 4.1. Instructions



## High temperature inside the oven after use

#### Danger of burns

Perform cleaning only after letting the appliance cool down.



# Improper use Risk of damage to surfaces

- Do not use a steam jet to clean the appliance.
- Do not use cleaning products containing chlorine, ammonia or bleach on steel parts or parts with metallic finishes on the surface (e.g. anodizing, nickel or chromium-plating).
- Do not use abrasive or corrosive detergents on glass parts (e.g. powder products, stain removers and metallic sponges).
- Do not use rough or abrasive materials or sharp metal scrapers.
- Failure to clean the oven could adversely affect the life of the appliance and pose a hazard.
- Always remove food residues from the oven compartment.



# Improper user Danger of explosion/ burns

 Do not use detergents with high alcohol content or which can release inflammable vapours. Subsequent heating could set off an explosion inside the appliance.



Before cleaning the microwave, ENSURE THAT THE PLUG IS NOT IN THE SOCKET.

### 4.2. Cleaning the surfaces

To keep the surfaces in a good condition, they should be cleaned regularly after use. Let them cool first.

## 4.3. Ordinary daily cleaning

Always use only specific products that do not contain abrasive or chlorine-based acids.

Pour the product onto a damp cloth and wipe the surface, rinse thoroughly and dry with a soft cloth or a microfiber cloth.

#### 4.4. Food stains and residues

Do not use metallic sponges or sharp scrapers as they will damage the surfaces.

Use ordinary non-abrasive products with the aid of wooden or plastic utensils if necessary. Rinse thoroughly and dry with a soft cloth or a microfiber cloth.

#### 4.5. Cleaning the oven

Cleaning is the only maintenance normally required.

After each time the oven is used, clean the inside walls with a damp cloth since this is the easiest way to remove splashes or spots of food that may have stuck to the inside.

To remove dirt that is harder to shift, use a non-aggressive cleaning product. Do not use oven sprays or other aggressive or abrasive cleaning products.

Always keep the door and the oven front very clean to ensure that the door opens and closes properly.

Make sure water does not enter the microwave ventilation holes.

Regularly take out the ceramic base and the respective support and clean the cavity base, especially after any liquid spillage.

Do not switch on the microwave without the ceramic base in place.

If the oven cavity is very dirty, put a glass of water on the ceramic base and switch on the microwave oven for 2 or 3 minutes at maximum power. The steam released will soften the dirt which can then be cleaned easily using a soft cloth.

Unpleasant odours (e.g. after cooking fish) can be eliminated easily. Put a few drops of lemon juice in a cup with water. Put a spoonful of coffee in the cup to avoid the water boiling over. Heat the water for 2 to 3 minutes at maximum microwave power.



## **Cleaning and Maintenance**

#### 4.6. Front surface

Normally you just need to clean the oven with a damp cloth. If it is very dirty, add a few drops of dishwashing liquid to the cleaning water. Afterwards, wipe the oven with a dry cloth.

Immediately remove lime, fat, starch or egg white stains. Corrosion can occur under these stains.

#### 4.7. Extraordinary maintenance

Occasionally, the oven will require minor servicing procedures or the replacement of parts subject to wear and tear, such as gaskets, light bulbs, etc. The specific operations for each procedure of this kind are provided below.



Before carrying out any operation involving access to live parts, disconnect the appliance from the electricity supply.

## 4.8. Substitution of light bulb

If the light bulb needs substitution call the Technical Assistance since it is necessary to uninstall the oven to replace it.

## 4.9. What should I do if the oven doesn't work?



#### Warning!

 Any type of repair must only be done by a specialised technician. Any repair done by a person not authorised by the manufacturer is dangerous.

You do not need to contact Technical Assistance to resolve the following questions:

#### The oven does not work! Check if:

- The plug is correctly fitted in the socket.
- The oven's power is switched on.
- The door is completely closed. The door should close with an audible click.
- There are any foreign bodies between the door and the cavity front.

## When the oven is operating I can hear some strange noises! Check if:

- There is an electrical arcing inside the oven caused by foreign metallic objects (see section on type of ovenware).
- The ovenware is touching the oven walls.
- There are any loose items of cutlery or cooking tools inside the oven.

## The food doesn't heat up or heats very slowly! Check if:

- You have inadvertently used metal ovenware.
- You have selected the correct operating times and power level.
- The food you have put inside the oven is a larger amount or colder than you usually put in.

#### The food is too hot, dried out or burnt!

• Check if you selected the correct operating time and power level.

## The oven switches on but the interior light does not go on!

• If all the functions work properly it is probable that the lamp has blown. You can keep on using the oven.

#### I hear some noises when the door is open!

• This is not a problem. The cooling fan keeps on working while the door is open.

#### The oven door doesn't open.

 Make sure the oven is plugged in. The oven door only opens when the oven is connected to the mains.



If the problem has not been resolved or in the case of other types of fault, contact your local technical support centre.



All repairs must be performed by specialised technicians.

### Installation



#### 5.1. Before installation

Check that the input voltage indicated on the characteristics plate is the same as the voltage of the power outlet you are going to use.

Open the oven door and take out all the accessories and remove the packing material.



#### Warning!

 The front surface of the oven may be wrapped with a **protective film**. Before using the oven for the first time, carefully remove this film, starting on the inside.

Make sure that the oven is not damaged in any way. Check that the oven door closes correctly and that the interior of the door and the front of the oven opening are not damaged. If you find any damage contact the Technical Assistance Service.

**DO NOT USE THE OVEN** if the power cable or the plug are damaged, if the oven does not function correctly or if it has been damaged or dropped. Contact the Technical Assistance Service.

Put the oven on a flat and stable surface. The oven must not be put close to any sources of heat, radios or televisions.

During installation, make sure that the power cable does not come into contact with any moisture or objects with sharp edges behind the oven. High temperatures can damage the cable.



#### Warning!

 After the oven is installed you must make sure you can access the plug.

#### 5.2. After installation

The oven is equipped with a power cable and a plug for single phase current.

If the oven is to be installed on a permanent basis it should be installed by a qualified technician. In such a case, the oven should be connected to a circuit with an all-pole circuit breaker with a minimum separation of 3 mm between contacts.



#### Warning!

• The oven must be earthed.

The manufacturer and retailers do not accept responsibility for any damage that may be caused to people, animals or property if these installation instructions are not observed.

The oven only functions when the door is closed correctly.

After the first use, clean the inside of the oven and the accessories, following the cleaning instructions given in the section "Oven cleaning and maintenance".

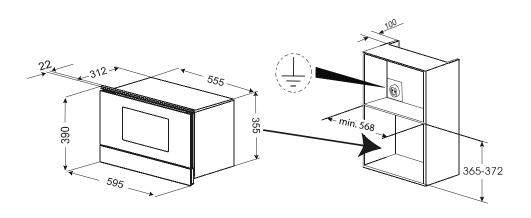


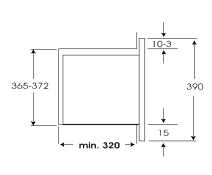
# Installation Images/ Installations-Images / Installation Images

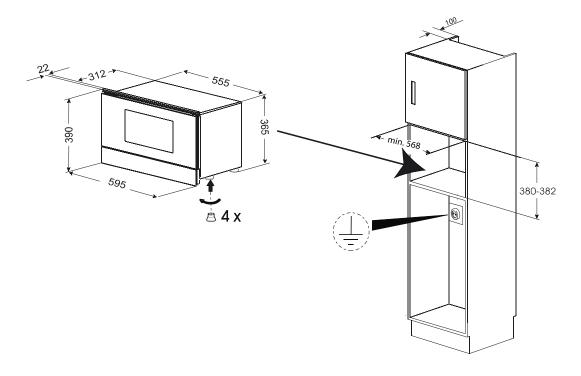
**EN** This microwave is designed to be installed above 850mm from floor level. This microwave cannot be installed under a worktop or below another oven, in order to avoid liquid spillage.

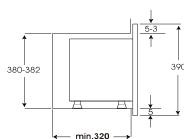
**DE** Diese Mikrowelle ist darauf ausgelegt, auf mehr als 85 cm Höhe über dem Boden installiert zu werden. Diese Mikrowelle darf nicht unter einer Arbeitsplatte oder unter einem anderen Ofen installiert werden, damit keine Flüssigkeiten darauf auslaufen können.

**FR** Le micro-ondes est conçu pour une installation à plus de 850 mm au-dessus du sol. Le micro-ondes ne peut pas être installé sous un plan de travail ni sous un autre four afin d'éviter les projections de liquides.



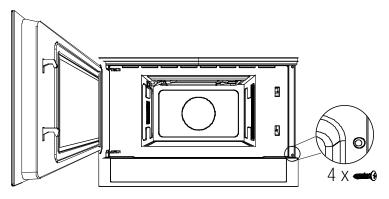






## **Installation Images/Installations-Images**





#### EN

- Push oven completely into the cabinet and centre it.
- Open microwave door and fasten the appliance to the cabinet using the four screws provided.

#### DE

- Die Mikrowelle in die Nische einschieben und entsprechend anpassen.
- Die Tür der Mikrowelle öffnen und das Gerät mit den vier mitgelieferten Schrauben am Küchenmöbel wie im Bild dargestellt befestigen.

#### FR

- Introduisez le four dans le meuble jusqu'à ce que la partie avant de celui-ci butte sur le bois et alignez-le.
- Ouvrez la porte du four et fixez ce dernier aux parois latérales du meuble au moyen des 4 vis fournies. Introduisez-les dans les trous prévus à cet effet. Insert the screws through the front holes